





TRANSLATORS' R T N C N C N de T RADUCTORES

The KIO Towers

by José Luis Castillo Puche

translated by Douglas Edward LaPrade

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Introduction

José Luis Castillo Puche (1919-2004) was a novelist and journalist from Yecla (Murcia), in Spain. After the Spanish Civil War, he studied at the Jesuit seminary in Comillas, Cantabria (in Northern Spain), but he abandoned the clerical vocation to become a writer. He wrote a novel criticizing the seminary entitled Sin camino (1956), which was censored by Franco and later published in Argentina upon the recommendation of writer Pío Baroja. Franco's censors also eliminated some passages from another novel by Castillo Puche entitled Paralelo 40 (1963), about the presence of the U.S. Air Force in Spain after the establishment of the air base in Torrejón near Madrid, but the novel was allowed to be published in Spain. Castillo Puche won Spain's Premio Nacional de Literatura Miguel de Cervantes in 1958, and the Premio Nacional de Novela y Narrativa in 1982. In his novels about the repercussions of the Spanish Civil War, the writer refers to his hometown of Yecla by the fictional name of Hécula—the Fundación José Luis Castillo Puche publishes a journal entitled Hécula. The Spanish novelist and journalist lived in New York from 1967 to 1971, when he served as foreign correspondent for the newspaper Informaciones. He also collaborated with the newspaper Pueblo, and taught journalism at the Universidad Complutense de Madrid. Having met Ernest Hemingway and written a book about their friendship and travels, Castillo Puche sponsored a journalism prize named for Hemingway that was awarded to Spanish journalists.

"Las Torres de KIO," the poem presented here in English translation as "The KIO Towers," is about the construction of the twin leaning towers on the Paseo de la Castellana at the Plaza de Castilla in Madrid, the KIO Towers, which were built between 1989 and 1996. They stand twenty-six stories high and are tilted toward each other at an angle of fifteen degrees, suggesting an incomplete arch over the Paseo de la Castellana. Their name refers to the Kuwait Investment Office, which commissioned the structures.







José Luis Castillo Puche composed the original Spanish version of his poem in 1994 while construction was still in progress. The poem was published in 2014 in *Hécula*: Revista de la Fundación Castillo-Puche (Number 3). The twin KIO Towers also are known as the Gate of Europe because they symbolize Spain's Transition and entry into the European Union. In his satirical poem, José Luis Castillo Puche interprets the towers as symbols of fiscal fraud and political corruption. The poem concludes with a grotesque allusion to the Pillars of Hercules on Spain's coat of arms.

About the translator

Douglas Edward LaPrade is professor of American literature at The University of Texas Rio Grande Valley. He spent two Fulbright grants in Spain, where he met José Luis Castillo Puche, Ernest Hemingway's friend and biographer. LaPrade has published books in Spain about Hemingway. He is a member of the board of the Fundación José Luis Castillo Puche.

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THE KIO TOWERS

From the highest angelic cornices of the Seventh Heaven to the dark basement of pure hellishness an ancient or reborn Tobias in the glassen, garish, lavish, pseudo-romantic attics of the well-defined and unconsciously warlike avenue of the Castellana, contemplates, laments, admires, is amazed and frightened by, that display of cement and glass, urban larceny of old devastated areas, corrupt bureaucracy and rentier fauna, he takes pleasure in the polychromatic reflections, absurd stained glass window of a lay cathedral, while featherless pigeons crash, screech, within the pointed beak of gnawing vultures,







and even distracted angels seek some invisible star in the bleached white, detergent, midday light, molten whiteness, oh, vision without smoke or purple wind, there, over there, in the background, immobile wedges toward the sky, visible skeletons and macabre models of financial fraud, the KIO Towers, twins. fortified before they were born, not parallel, leaning, unbalanced, pleading, vestiges of an arrogant future —Gate of Europe open and fluctuating Gate, Incomplete, Uncertain, threatening, unfinished symphony of an aberrant urban development, magnetized as astral lures, unfinished dream,

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lame syllogism,







truncated, shortened towers, unstable parallelograms, laughable verticality, vacuous horns of false plenty and the risky, illegal, fraudulent business deals; hideous irons interwoven by grotesque railings, specious and farcical stage set for a future with no present; urban Babel, comic, monumental architecture, audacious, deceptive, defeated, engineering prank -oh, I'm fallingfor simpletons and naïve citizens. To climb up? How? up, down, sideways, to dive fatally into the steps to end up in a kind of basement-chapel-toilet. To the right or to the left? That depends on your standpoint and that's why the security guards are there, surrounding troops, without uniforms, or with dirty green or traditional bluish jumpsuits

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although sometimes also







a man in formal attire appears
with a top hat and the torch of a sinister executioner
who guards the future
of the bold construction,
and tells us "stop," "pass" or "continue"
and he doubtlessly prepares the inauguration
of the tilted millennium,
uncertain,
indecipherable,
with an abundance of undersecretaries
stuffed in gray suits

as the old three-cornered hats worn by the Guardia Civil on solemn, ceremonial days.

and shiny black shoes, as shiny

Grounded,

the KIO Towers remain inaccessible,

gutted

like a failed,

frustrated project,

acrobatics with no impetus

sipping the breeze from the Sierra

and at their feet the sad psalmody

of the municipal police

—centuries of ash—

singing the miserere,

a horrifying dissonance of raspy vinous voices,







dismal uniforms with buttons of dog bones or bones of malnourished children; barracks of soldiers useful for all service, undreamed palaces renovated and repaired; bureaucrats who come and go after the workday with nausea up their ass; office workers who fall asleep leaning in street corners while they wait for the bus, and criminal politicians who lock themselves inside their cars with bulletproof glass; working men and women, leaving the maggots' nest so they don't miss the buses to Tres Cantos, to Colmenar, to Torrelaguna, to San Sebastián de los Reyes¹, distorted, scurrying, and even mad nuns who seek incense in the slime of the sewer;

¹ Translator's note: Suburbs of Madrid







oh, la, la, the face of happiness of the dead in the diminished peace of the morgue while highway M-30 roars beneath, in this Madrid of mud and glass, of cracked stone and frozen lime. It is forbidden to lean out, there are no windows at all, the Towers are uninhabitable but are rather office lairs populated by bald executives —Gate of Europe scaffolding toward Europe, unfinished, ruinous, deplorable and clamorous, hypothetical nexus, gigantic link, geometrically possible, unreal in one's imagination, unstable construction punished by the mountain winds, fluctuating like a flagpole with a white flag. The airplanes whistle in the night sky and in a small patio illuminated by a streetlight some indifferent police officers with their batons at rest play cards







among the interminable coming and going of red,
white, black,
metallic green,
yellow

cars

murmuring like a nest of maggots and Madrid was a long, crowded maggots' nest, enormous rump full of copulating maggots yellowish maggots,

soft, whitish,

big beautiful maggots mounting the vortex of the urban sex. And Madrid, from above,

was also

like a chaotic row of grand pianos,
decorated with silver candelabra
and ivory embedded in a brown bear fur;
a very long lizard
surrounded by starving dogs without collars,
by laborers without jobs,
with no lunchbox nor party membership card;
indifferent diplomats who cover their noses
and the distressing procession of prostitutes
always so devout, long-suffering and maternal,
and the sirens of firefighters

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and of the ambulances;







the smoothness of the Arabs' weapons and their kind gestures, and the Jews' jaundice, the contrite weeping of the tearful Christians, a line of bishops with slot-machine miters, bright advertisements of the Planetarium, of the Congress, of the Senate, of Madrid's Bullring, of Almudena Cathedral, of the buses that come and go, trains that arrive and depart; labor unions at a protest, metal union, construction union, union of naked aristocrats, union of police with open zippers, union of bishops, television union, union of the national circus; the temptation to look down is always greater than that of looking up, at the sky, even if the sky seems very close, a dark sky, cloudy, mysterious,







and everything is a mystery,

Kyrie eleison

Kyrie eleison.

Ambulances

driven by archangels,

hearses

driven by clowns,

bold airplanes of the starways

above the endless caravan

of hearses,

along the Castellana,

from Cibeles to La Vaguada,

from Chamartín station to Tres Cantos and Colmenar,

from Nuevos Ministerios to El Escorial.²

Temptation of the heights

from a hypothetical one hundredth floor,

supreme temptation

to touch the curve of the unfinished apex,

to reach the pinnacle

between searchlights and red lights

—finis coronat opus

say the Latin teachers,

almost always priests who don't know Latin-,

and the unforeseen was the crowd

that started to appear between cranes and scaffolds

in slow ceremony:

² Translator's note: The Cibeles Fountain is an 18th-century monument in central Madrid depicting mythological figures; La Vaguada is a modern shopping center in a newer part of Madrid. Commuters depart from Madrid's train stations at Chamartín and Nuevos Ministerios for the suburbs.







expeditious managers, arrogant architects, weary foremen, servile construction technicians, agile elevator mechanics, haggard construction workers, glossy firefighters, nervous electricians, plumbers, metal workers and mechanics, in a confusing racket until other solemn people stood out, perhaps representatives of the big corporations, maybe the owners or partial owners of the towers, people wearing a turban and a djellaba, with infinite sadness in their eyes, and easy reverence; also brand-new bankers made of plastic with cigars in their mouths, and marchionesses and duchesses with high ornamental hair combs and at their sides were stationed guards with big mustaches,

photographers
and music and folding screens and Persian rugs;
the KIO towers were having a dazzling triumphal celebration
in the dark night,

feathers in their helmets and white gloves.

Flashes from the innumerable







fireflies in the distance, giant worms on the Telefónica building And above the "Piruli" television tower³. "Glory to God in the highest" And on earth corrupt politicians, right reverend bishops and archbishops incorrupt, circumflex and periphrastic; decorated generals, perhaps defeated yet vibrant and suddenly there began to proceed in orderly fashion, disciplined, submissive and obliging waiters in mourning carrying little trays with pieces of traditional tortilla and canapés of Murcian caviar, when there appeared a timid and gaunt Hercules who placed the sole of each foot on the rectangular roof of each of the towers —Gate of Europe—

³ Translator's note: "Piruli" is the nickname of Torrespaña, or Spain Tower, which was built to facilitate television broadcasts of the 1982 World Cup of soccer in Spain. This technological structure is another symbol of Spain's Transition following the Franco era.







and his trembling and decadent thighs
straddling the two twin towers
formed an obscene and ridiculous arch
over the Plaza de Castilla
and then
the dreamt of, unpresentable Hercules
urinated copiously on the city
and beneath the black vault of the dark night
Hercules' organ
was left with its little mouth open
like a thirsty fish
from the dry terrigenous plain.













Rincón de Traductores/Translators' Corner

Disponibles en/available at: http://cervantesobservatorio.fas.harvard.edu/en/translation-corner

- 1. RT/TC 001 (2019). "A Letter of Federico García Lorca to his Parents, 1935". Author: Federico García Lorca (Spain); Translator: Christopher Maurer; Genre: Letter.
- 2. RT/TC 002 (2019). "Like a Night with Legs Wide Open". Author: José Alcántara Almánzar (Dominican Republic); Translator: Luis Guzmán Valerio; Genre: Short Story.
- 3. RT/TC 003 (2019). "In the Parks, at Dusk" and "I Only Think of You". Author: Marina Mayoral (Spain); Translator: María Socorro Suárez Lafuente; Genre: Short Story.
- 4. RT/TC 004 (2020). "The Guide through Death" and "The Fat Lady". Author: Guadalupe Dueñas (Mexico); Translator: Josie Hough; Genre: Short Story.
- 5. RT/TC 005 (2020). "The Case of the Unfaithful Translator". Author: José María Merino (Spain); Translator: Erin Goodman; Genre: Short Story.
- 6. RT/TC 006 (2020). "The Guerrilla Fighter" and "May as Well Call it Quits". Author: Albalucía Ángel Marulanda (Colombia); Translator: Daniel Steele Rodríguez; Genre: Short Story.
- 7. RT/TC 007 (2020). "Miguel Hernández' Speech to His Companions in the Ocaña Jail". Author: Miguel Hernández (Spain); Translator: Constance Marina; Genre: Speech.
- 8. RT/TC 008 (2020). "On the Road to Houmt Souk". Author: Soledad Puértolas (Spain); Translator: Francisca González Arias; Genre: Short Story.
- 9. RT/TC 009 (2020). Rincón de Traductores / Translators' Corner Volume 1: Compilation 2019-2020. Various Authors; Various Translators.
- 10. RT/TC 010 (2020). Waiting for the Revolution: Cuba, the Unfinished Journey (excerpt). Author: Gustavo Gac-Artigas (Chile); Translator: Andrea G. Labinger; Genre: Chronicle.







- 11. RT/TC 011 (2020). "A Bad Girl". Author: Montserrat Ordóñez (Colombia); Translator: Clara Eugenia Ronderos; Genre: Short Story.
- 12. RT/TC 012 (2020). "Claudia and the Cats". Author: Ivanna Chapeta (Guatemala); Translator: Lindsay Romanoff Bartlett; Genre: Short Story.
- 13. RT/TC 013 (2021). Song of Being and Nonbeing. Author: Santiago Alba Rico (Spain); Translator: Carolina Finley Hampson; Genre: Poetry.
- 14. RT/TC 014 (2021). "Christmas Eve in the Hills of Jaruco". Author: Robert F. Lima Rovira and Robert Lima (Cuba/USA); Translator: Robert lima; Genre: Chronicle.
- 15. RT/TC 015 (2021). *Three Poems*. Author: José Luis García Martín (Spain); Translator: Claudia Quevedo-Webb; Genre: Poetry.
- 16. RT/TC 016 (2021). A Manifesto for reading (excerpt). Author: Irene Vallejo (Spain); Translator: Erin Goodman; Genre: Essay.
- 17. RT/TC 017 (2021). *Parallel 35* (three excerpts) and "The Dead Woman". Author: Carmen Laforet (Spain); Translator: Roberta Johnson; Genre: Chronicle/Short Story.
- 18. RT/TC 018 (2021). "Torn Lace" and "Native Plant". Author: Emilia Pardo Bazán (Spain); Translator: Francisca González Arias; Genre: Short Story.
- 19. RT/TC 019 (2020). Rincón de Traductores / Translators' Corner Volume 2: Compilation 2020-2021. Various Authors; Various Translators.
- 20. RT/TC 020 (2021). *Three Poems*. Author: Julia Barella (Spain); Translator: Sarah Glenski; Genre: Poetry.
- 21. RT/TC 021 (2021). Five Galician Songs. Author: Emilio Cao (Spain); Translator: Robert Lima; Genre: Poetry.